

The Verb To Be-Present Tense

Subject Pronoun	Positive Statement	Question	Negative Statement
I	I am a student.	Am I a student?	I am not a student.
You (singular)	You are a teacher.	Are you a teacher?	You are not a teacher.
He	He is a doctor.	Is he a doctor?	He is not a doctor.
She	She is an artist.	Is she an artist?	She is not an artist.
It	It is a cat.	Is it a cat?	It is not a cat.
We	We are friends.	Are we friends?	We are not friends.
You (plural)	You are neighbors.	Are you neighbors?	You are not neighbors.
They	They are students.	Are they students?	They are not students.

The Verb To Be-Past Tense

Subject Pronoun	Positive Statement	Question	Negative Statement
I	I was a student.	Was I a student?	I was not (wasn't) a student.
You (singular)	You were a teacher.	Were you a teacher?	You were not (weren't) a teacher.
He	He was a doctor.	Was he a doctor?	He was not (wasn't) a doctor.
She	She was an artist.	Was she an artist?	She was not (wasn't) an artist.
It	It was a cat.	Was it a cat?	It was not (wasn't) a cat.
We	We were friends.	Were we friends?	We were not (weren't) friends.
You (plural)	You were neighbors.	Were you neighbors?	You were not (weren't) neighbors.
They	They were students.	Were they students?	They were not (weren't) students.

The Verb To Be-Future Tense

Subject Pronoun	Positive Statement	Question	Negative Statement
I	I will be a student.	Will I be a student?	I will not (won't) be a student.
You (singular)	You will be a teacher.	Will you be a teacher?	You will not (won't) be a teacher.
He	He will be a doctor.	Will he be a doctor?	He will not (won't) be a doctor.
She	She will be an artist.	Will she be an artist?	She will not (won't) be an artist.
It	It will be a cat.	Will it be a cat?	It will not (won't) be a cat.
We	We will be friends.	Will we be friends?	We will not (won't) be friends.
You (plural)	You will be neighbors.	Will you be neighbors?	You will not (won't) be neighbors.
They	They will be students.	Will they be students?	They will not (won't) be students.

1. The sky is blue.
2. The coffee is hot.
3. We are on time.
4. The book is interesting.
5. They are busy today.
6. She is happy with the results.
7. The room is clean.
8. The meeting is at 3 PM.
9. The flowers are beautiful.
10. You are my best friend.
11. He is ready for the exam.
12. The cat is on the roof.
13. We are excited for the trip.
14. She is the team leader.
15. The car is fast.
16. They are in the kitchen.
17. The movie is long.
18. He is a musician.
19. The test is difficult.
20. The dog is friendly.
21. You are in the right place.
22. The water is cold.
23. She is a good singer.
24. The cake is delicious.
25. We are in the same class.
26. The lights are on.
27. He is my neighbor.
28. The weather is nice today.
29. You are very talented.
30. The project is complete.

The Verb To Do-Present Tense

Subject Pronoun	Positive Statement	Question	Negative Statement
I	I do my homework.	Do I do my homework?	I do not (don't) do my homework.
You (singular)	You do your homework.	Do you do your homework?	You do not (don't) do your homework.
He	He does his homework.	Does he do his homework?	He does not (doesn't) do his homework.
She	She does her homework.	Does she do her homework?	She does not (doesn't) do her homework.
It	It does its job.	Does it do its job?	It does not (doesn't) do its job.
We	We do our homework.	Do we do our homework?	We do not (don't) do our homework.
You (plural)	You do your homework.	Do you do your homework?	You do not (don't) do your homework.
They	They do their homework.	Do they do their homework?	They do not (don't) do their homework.

In this table:

- **Positive Statement:** Uses "do" or "does" depending on the subject pronoun.
- **Question:** Uses "do" or "does" at the beginning of the sentence for questions.
- **Negative Statement:** Uses "do not" (don't) or "does not" (doesn't) for the negative form.

The Verb To Do-Past Tense

Subject Pronoun	Positive Statement	Question	Negative Statement
I	I did my homework.	Did I do my homework?	I did not (didn't) do my homework.
You (singular)	You did your homework.	Did you do your homework?	You did not (didn't) do your homework.
He	He did his homework.	Did he do his homework?	He did not (didn't) do his homework.
She	She did her homework.	Did she do her homework?	She did not (didn't) do her homework.
It	It did its job.	Did it do its job?	It did not (didn't) do its job.
We	We did our homework.	Did we do our homework?	We did not (didn't) do our homework.
You (plural)	You did your homework.	Did you do your homework?	You did not (didn't) do your homework.
They	They did their homework.	Did they do their homework?	They did not (didn't) do their homework.

Verb: To Do (Future Tense)

Subject Pronoun	Positive Statement	Question	Negative Statement
I	I will do my homework.	Will I do my homework?	I will not (won't) do my homework.
You (singular)	You will do your homework.	Will you do your homework?	You will not (won't) do your homework.
He	He will do his homework.	Will he do his homework?	He will not (won't) do his homework.
She	She will do her homework.	Will she do her homework?	She will not (won't) do her homework.
It	It will do its job.	Will it do its job?	It will not (won't) do its job.
We	We will do our homework.	Will we do our homework?	We will not (won't) do our homework.
You (plural)	You will do your homework.	Will you do your homework?	You will not (won't) do your homework.
They	They will do their homework.	Will they do their homework?	They will not (won't) do their homework.

1. I do my homework.
2. You do your chores.
3. He does his job well.
4. She does her best in every task.
5. It does its function perfectly.
6. We do our work on time.
7. They do their exercises daily.
8. I do my part in the project.
9. You do the dishes after dinner.
10. He does the shopping on weekends.
11. She does her hair every morning.
12. It does its task without fail.
13. We do our daily routine together.
14. They do their assignments in the evening.
15. I do my taxes early.
16. You do your best in everything.
17. He does the cooking at home.
18. She does her nails at the salon.
19. It does the job quickly.
20. We do our laundry on Sundays.
21. They do their jobs efficiently.
22. I do my grocery shopping every week.
23. You do the cleaning every Saturday.
24. He does his duty as a father.
25. She does her makeup before work.
26. It does the trick every time.
27. We do our best to help others.
28. They do their research thoroughly.
29. I do my morning exercises regularly.
30. You do your homework before playing.

The Verb To Have-Present Tense

Subject Pronoun	Positive Statement	Question	Negative Statement
I	I have a car.	Do I have a car?	I do not (don't) have a car.
You (singular)	You have a car.	Do you have a car?	You do not (don't) have a car.
He	He has a car.	Does he have a car?	He does not (doesn't) have a car.
She	She has a car.	Does she have a car?	She does not (doesn't) have a car.
It	It has a collar.	Does it have a collar?	It does not (doesn't) have a collar.
We	We have a house.	Do we have a house?	We do not (don't) have a house.
You (plural)	You have a house.	Do you have a house?	You do not (don't) have a house.
They	They have a house.	Do they have a house?	They do not (don't) have a house.

In this table:

- **Positive Statement:** Uses "have" for I, you, we, and they; uses "has" for he, she, and it.
- **Question:** Uses "do" or "does" at the beginning of the sentence for questions.
- **Negative Statement:** Uses "do not" (don't) or "does not" (doesn't) for the negative form.

To Have - Past Tense

Subject Pronoun	Positive Statement	Question	Negative Statement
I	I had a book.	Did I have a book?	I did not have a book.
You (singular)	You had a car.	Did you have a car?	You did not have a car.
He	He had a dog.	Did he have a dog?	He did not have a dog.
She	She had a cat.	Did she have a cat?	She did not have a cat.
It	It had a key.	Did it have a key?	It did not have a key.
We	We had time.	Did we have time?	We did not have time.
You (plural)	You had tickets.	Did you have tickets?	You did not have tickets.
They	They had friends.	Did they have friends?	They did not have friends.

Verb: To Have (Future Tense)

Subject Pronoun	Positive Statement	Question	Negative Statement
I	I will have a car.	Will I have a car?	I will not (won't) have a car.
You (singular)	You will have a car.	Will you have a car?	You will not (won't) have a car.
He	He will have a car.	Will he have a car?	He will not (won't) have a car.
She	She will have a car.	Will she have a car?	She will not (won't) have a car.
It	It will have a collar.	Will it have a collar?	It will not (won't) have a collar.
We	We will have a house.	Will we have a house?	We will not (won't) have a house.
You (plural)	You will have a house.	Will you have a house?	You will not (won't) have a house.
They	They will have a house.	Will they have a house?	They will not (won't) have a house.

In these tables:

- **Positive Statement:** Uses "will be," "will do," and "will have."
- **Question:** Uses "will" at the beginning of the sentence for questions.
- **Negative Statement:** Uses "will not" (won't) for the negative form.

1. I have a new phone.
2. You have a nice watch.
3. He has a busy schedule.
4. She has a kind heart.
5. It has a strange shape.
6. We have tickets for the concert.
7. You (plural) have the best ideas.
8. They have a beautiful garden.
9. I have an important meeting today.
10. You have a good point.
11. He has a lot of experience in marketing.
12. She has a great sense of style.
13. It has a bright color.
14. We have enough food for everyone.
15. You (plural) have a good plan.
16. They have a large family.
17. I have some time to help you.
18. You have an interesting story to tell.
19. He has a new car.
20. She has a busy day ahead.
21. It has a soft texture.
22. We have a new project to work on.
23. You (plural) have excellent teamwork skills.
24. They have a lot of responsibilities.
25. I have a strong opinion about this.
26. You have a great opportunity here.
27. He has a lot of potential.
28. She has a bright future ahead of her.
29. It has a powerful engine.
30. We have a lot to celebrate today.